



Name :	Subject :Science
Semester: 1 st	Grade : 3/
Date :	Revision sheet

Q1. Use suitable words from the box to complete the following sentences.

**vibrates - endangered - wetland - earthquake
warm - desert - adaptation - rainy - lava**

1. A(n) _____ occurs when slabs of rocks in Earth's crust move quickly.
2. A(n) _____ is an ecosystem that gets very little rain.
3. The land _____, or shakes during an earthquake.
4. Melted rock that flows out onto land is called _____.
5. A tropical rain forest is _____ and _____ all year long.
6. Plants grow well in a _____ because the soil is full of nutrients.
7. A frog's sticky tongue is a(n) _____ that helps it catch food.
8. Bengal tigers are _____ because hunters killed them for fur.



9. The struggle among organisms for water, food, or other needs is called_____.

a. migrate

b. pollution

c. competition

10. What does this picture show?



a. hibernate

b. mimicry

c. nocturnal

11. Which is an example of a resource?

a. adaptation

b. air

c. disease

12. Which is a natural disaster caused by too little rain?

a. wildfire

b. flood

c. drought

13. Which does a business do when it makes new cans from old cans?

a. recycle

b. reduce

c. reuse

14. The soil in a tropical rain forest is poor because _____

a. it is too sandy.

b. it has no oxygen.

c. plants use up all the nutrients.



Q3. Write “True” or “False”.

1. Earthquake is a sudden movement of rocks in Earth's crust. ()
2. The soil in a temperate forest is rich in nutrients. ()
3. Large ears and thin bodies help jackrabbits stay warm. ()
4. Ocean contains fish that can only live in fresh water. ()
5. Some trees lose their leaves in the fall to save energy. ()
6. A wildfire is an example of a natural disaster. ()
7. The soil in a wetland is poor in nutrients. ()

Q4. Write a scientific term that describes each sentence.

1. the living and nonliving things that interact in an environment

2. a large body of salt water

3. a structure or behavior that helps an organism survive in
its environment

4. to turn old things into new things

5. an adaptation in which one kind of organism looks like another kind
in color or shape

Q5. Match each term on the right to its meaning on the left. Write the letter on the blank.

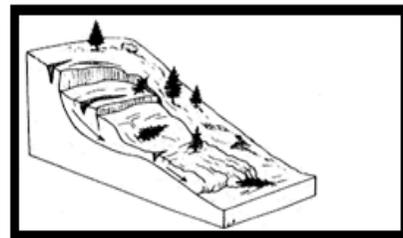
_____ 1. the rapid movement of rocks and soil down a hill	A. pollution
_____ 2. to use something again	B. hibernate
_____ 3. a mountain that builds up around an opening in Earth's crust	C. magma
_____ 4. melted rock that is below Earth's surface	D. landslide
_____ 5. to rest or go into a deep sleep through the cold winter	E. reuse
_____ 6. happens when harmful materials get into the air, land, or water	F. volcano

Q6. Use words from the box to describe each picture.

Flood - Landslide - Mimicry - Nocturnal
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1. _____



2. _____



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3. _____



4. _____

Q7. Define the following:

1. desert;

2. reduce;

3. forest;

4. migrate;

5. ocean;



Q8. Answer the following questions:

1. What are some natural disasters?

2. Name four types of ecosystems.

3. List some animals and plants that are endangered.

4. Name four types of adaptation.
